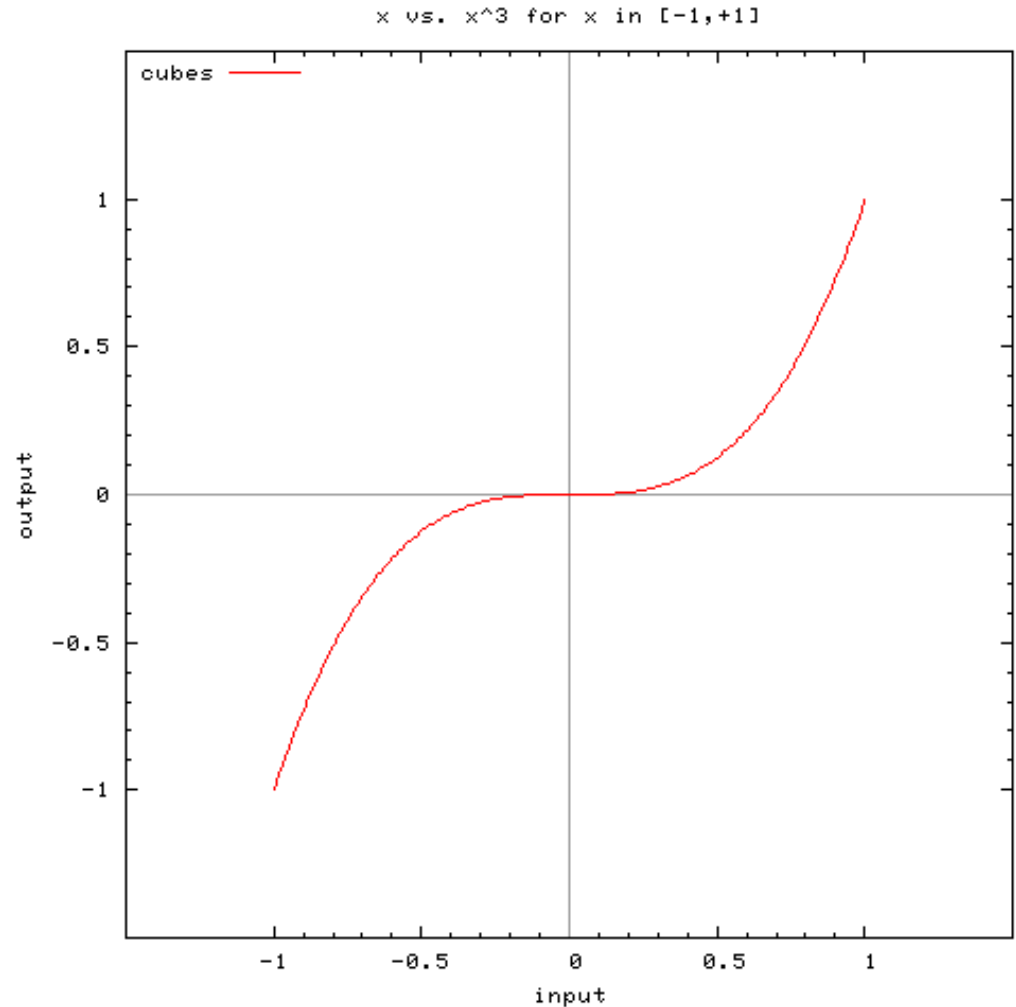


Introduction to Gnuplot

Bob Dowling
University Computing Service

Course aims

- Simple graphs
- 2D
- Plotting data
- Scripted process
- No manual work



What the course *won't* cover

Gnuplot can

- 3D plots
- Plotting functions
- Polar graphs
- Histograms

Gnuplot can't

- Manual artistry

What the course *will* cover

1. Introduction
 - Course contents
2. Part one
 - Command line
3. Break
 - Viewing tool
4. Part two
 - eog
 - “Eye of Gnome”
5. Questions

What the course *will* cover

1. Introduction
 - Driving Gnuplot
2. Part one
 - Basic settings
3. Break
 - Size
4. Part two
 - Ranges of values
5. Questions
 - Tick marks

What the course *will* cover

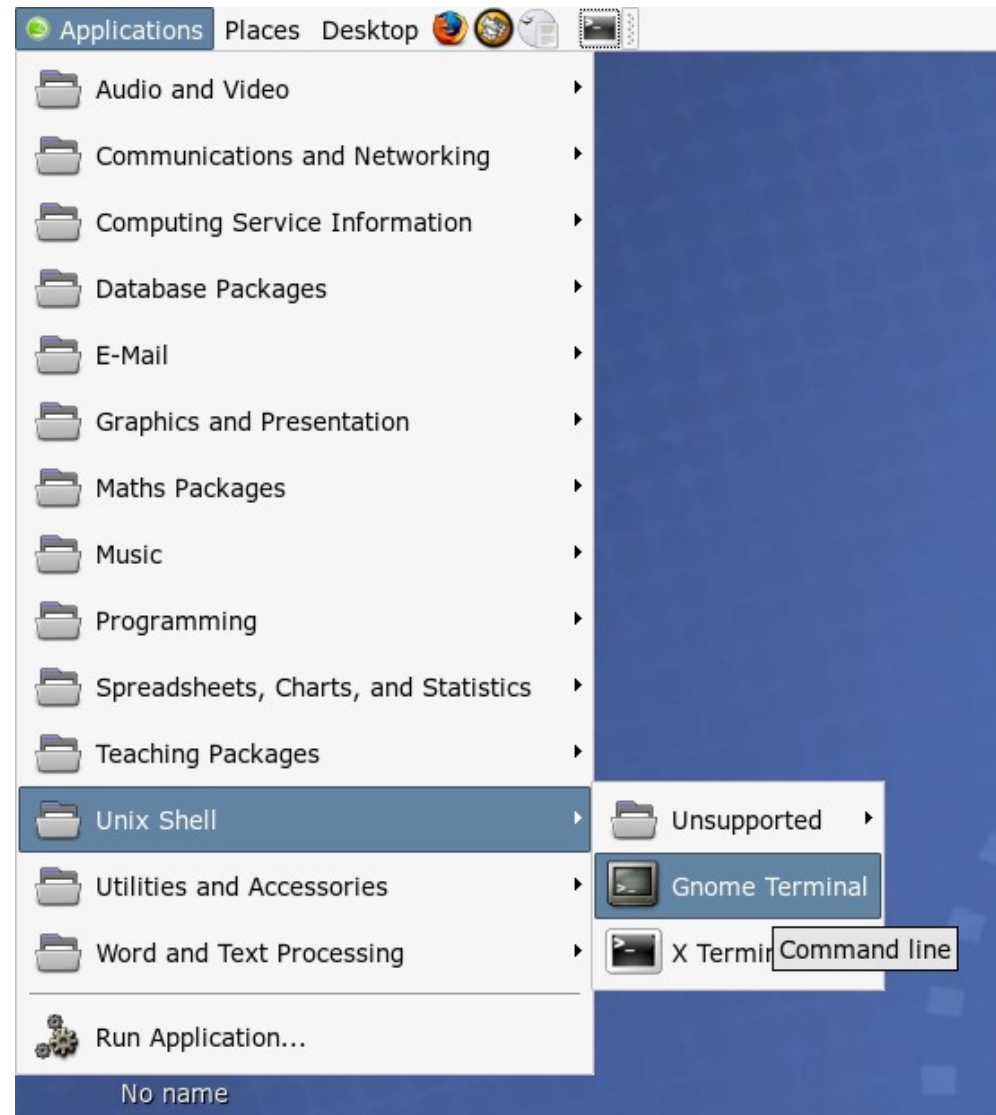
1. Introduction
 - Multiple graphs
2. Part one
 - Colours
3. Break
 - Labels
4. Part two
 - Frills
5. Questions

What the course *will* cover

1. Introduction
2. Part one
3. Break
4. Part two
5. Questions

Terminal

- Command line
- Gnome terminal
- Applications menu



Set up some files

- “Playground”
- Input files
- Gnuplot files
- Output files

> **`/ux/Lessons/Gnuplot/setup`**

Directory `/home/y500/gnuplot` created.

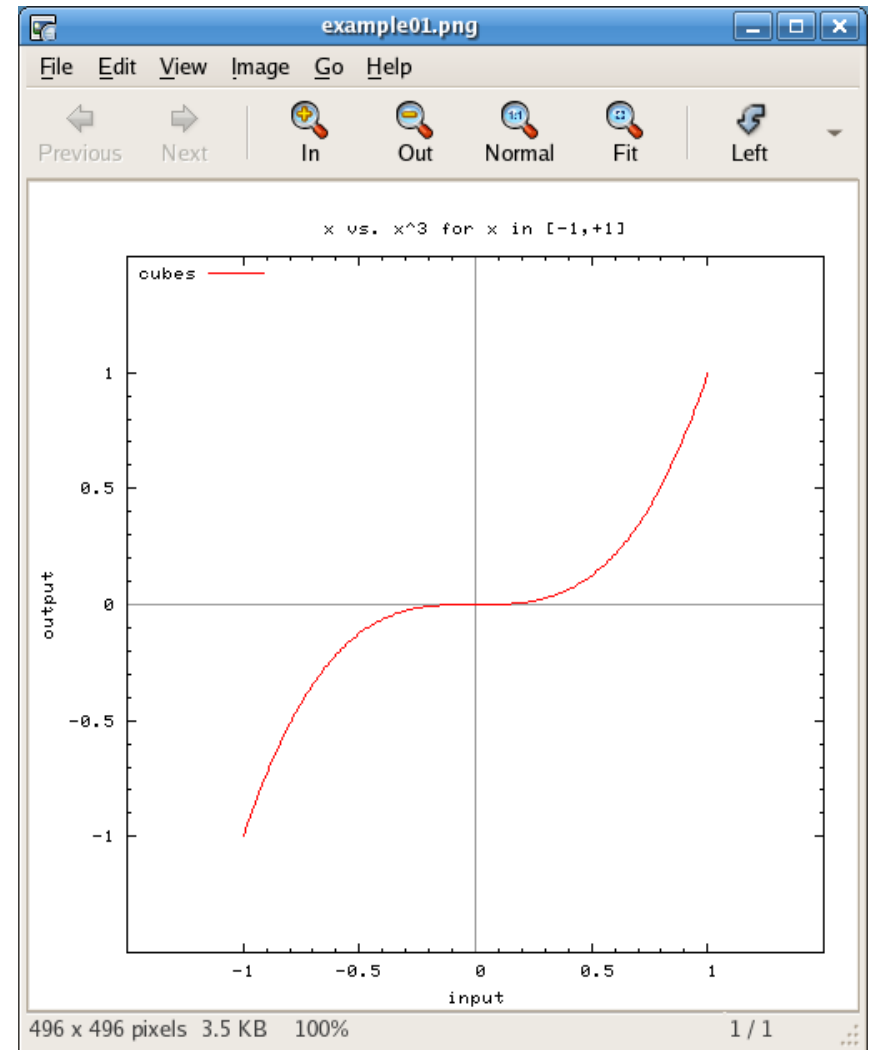
> **`cd ~/gnuplot`**

Test you can display graphics

> **eog example01.png**

Select image window

Close or Control-Q



Interactive use of Gnuplot

- Run interactively
- Direct commands
- Built-in help
 - Not very helpful
- X11 graphics

```
> gnuplot
```

```
G N U P L O T
```

```
Version 4.0 ...
```

```
Terminal type set to 'x11'
```

```
gnuplot> plot "cubic.dat"
```

```
...
```

```
gnuplot> quit
```

```
>
```

Batch use of Gnuplot

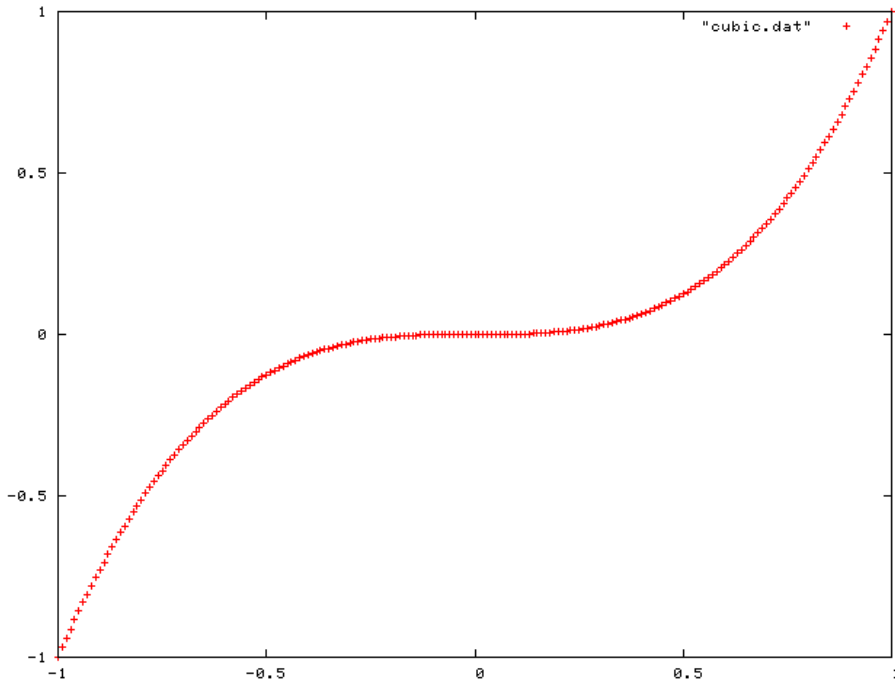
- File of commands `> more cubic.gplt`
- `cubic.gplt` `plot "cubic.dat"`
- Don't need a "quit"
- Just need end of file `> gnuplot cubic.dat`
- "Flash" of graph `>`

Change output file format

- Want PNG
 - Portable Network Graphics
 - Gnuplot “terminal”:
`set terminal png`
 - Want a file:
`set output "cubic.png"`
 - File names in quotes
 - *Before* the `plot`
- ```
> more cubic.gplt
set terminal png
set output "cubic.png"
plot "cubic.dat"

> gnuplot cubic.gplt
> eog cubic.png
```

# A look at the output



- 640×480 pixels
- Series of crosses
- Graph range = data range
- “Ticks” every 0.5
- No zero axes
- No labels
- Key uses file name
- Red

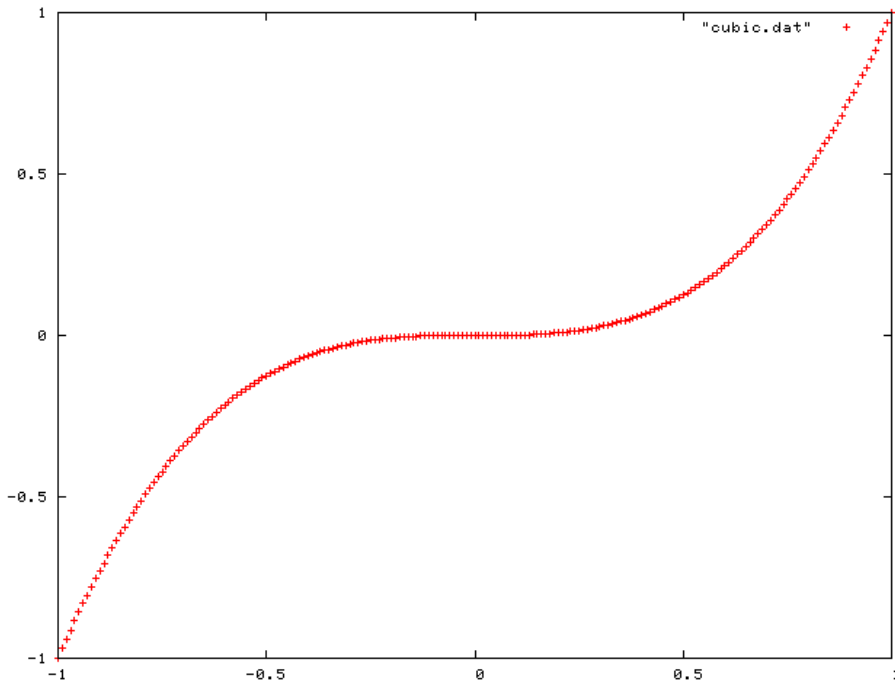
# Problems with the shape

## Problems:

- Image file 640×480
- Graph isn't square

## Want to set:

- Image dimensions
- Graph aspect ratio



# Gnuplot commands

## Image dimensions:

`set terminal png picsize X Y` Image size in pixels



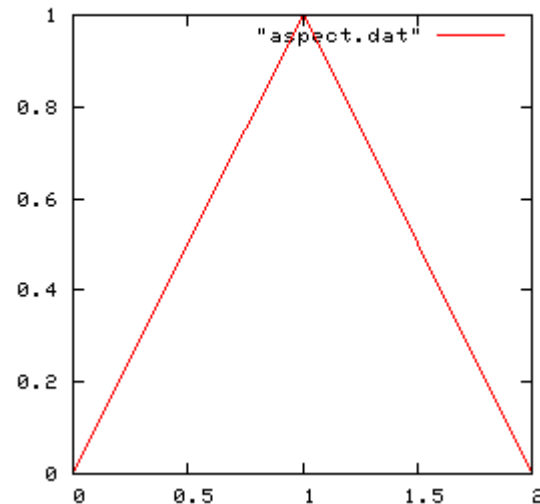
# Gnuplot commands

**Graph aspect ratio:**

set size ratio  $r$

Graph's aspect ratio

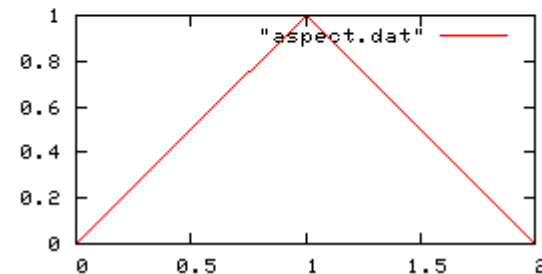
e.g. set size ratio +1:



set size ratio  $-r$

Units' aspect ratio

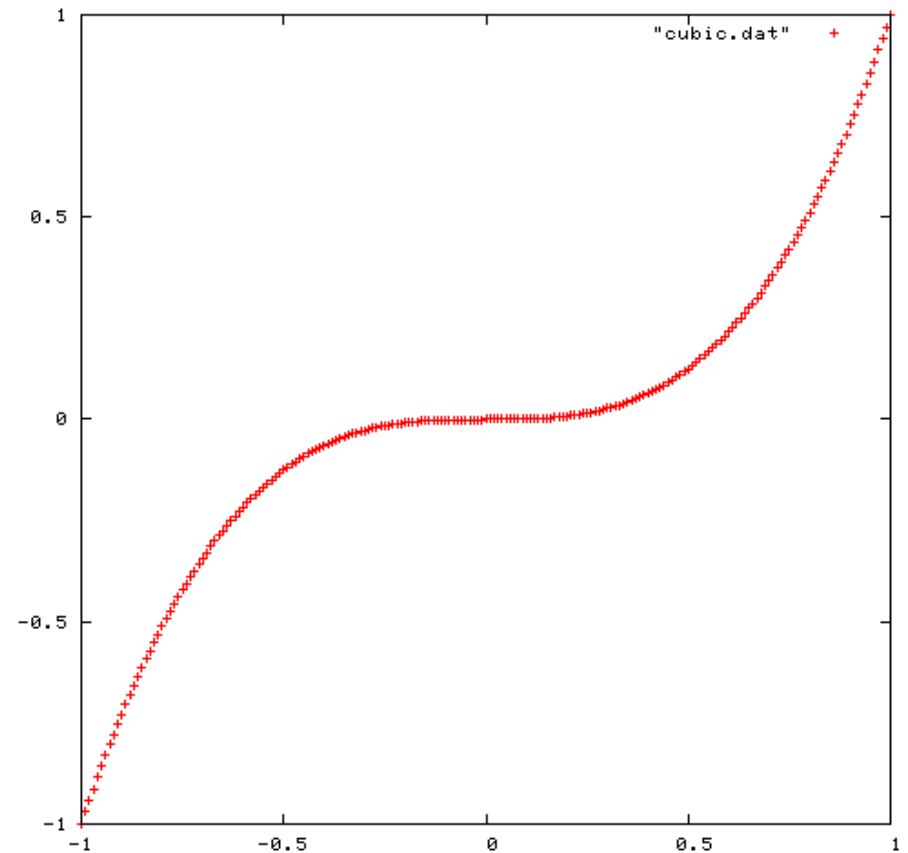
e.g. set size ratio -1:



# Next version of graph

```
set terminal png
 picsize 512 512
set output "cubic.png"
set size ratio -1.0

plot "cubic.dat"
```



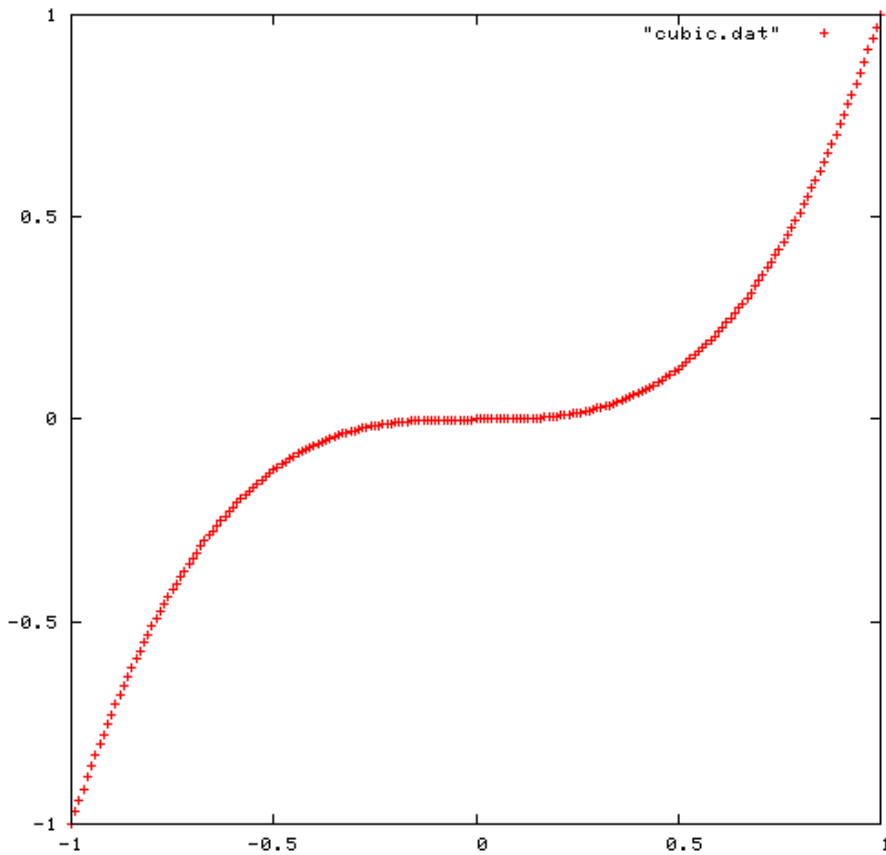
# Problems with the curve

Problem:

- Set of crosses

Want to have:

- Set of line segments



# Gnuplot commands

## Curve made of points:

set style data points

- “points” may be crosses or other marks

## Curve made of line segments:

set style data lines

## Curve made of true dots:

set style data dots

# Next version of graph

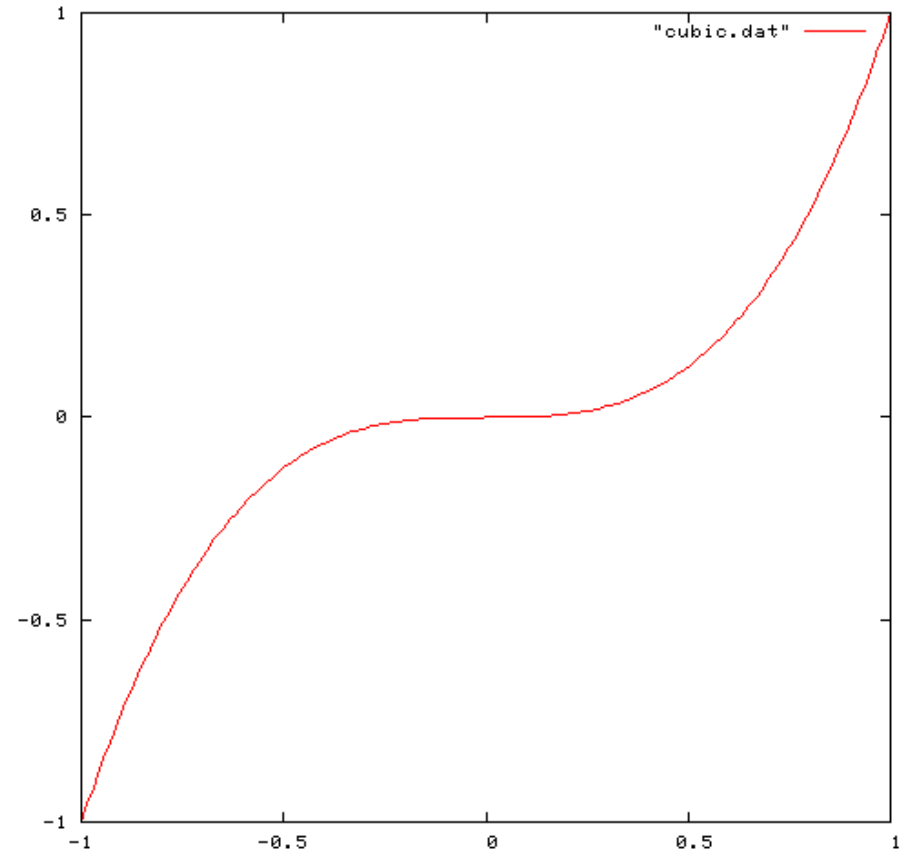
```
set terminal png picsize
512 512
```

```
set output "cubic.png"
```

```
set size ratio -1.0
```

```
set style data lines
```

```
plot "cubic.dat"
```



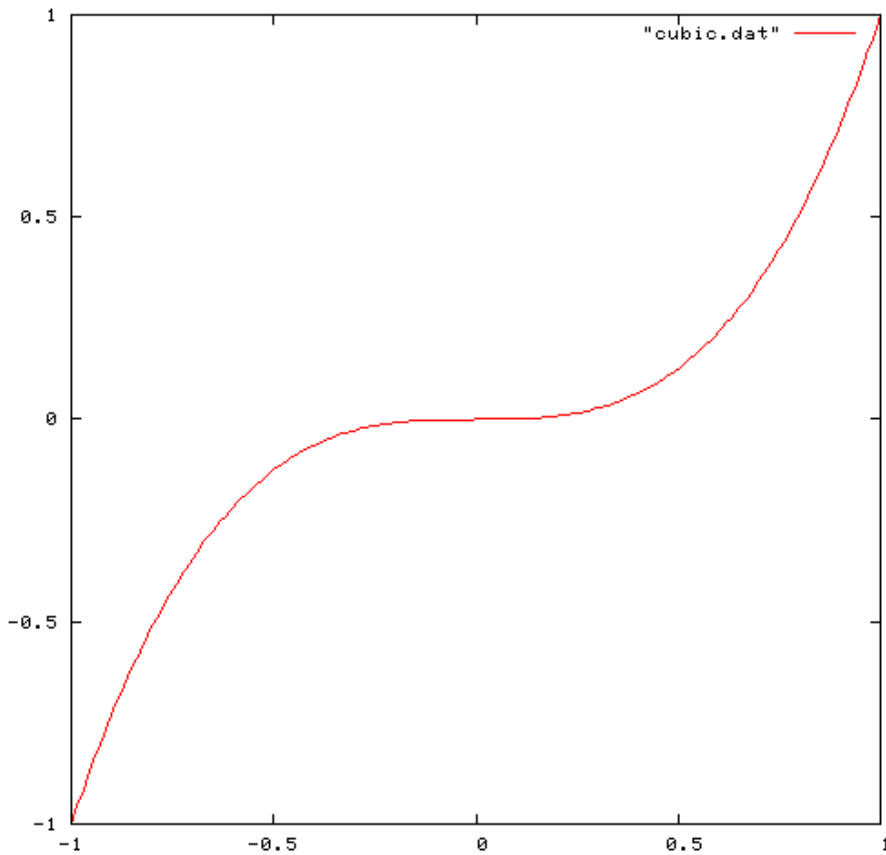
# Problems with the range

## Problem:

- Graph range = Data range
- $[-1.0,+1.0] \times [-1.0,+1.0]$

## Want to have:

- Manual setting
- $[-1.5,+1.5] \times [-1.5,+1.5]$



# Gnuplot commands

## Setting range explicitly:

```
set xrange [-1.5:1.5]
```

```
set yrange [-1.5:1.5]
```

## Partial specification:

```
set xrange [*:1.5]
```

data minimum to 1.5

```
set yrange [-1.5:*]
```

-1.5 to data maximum

# Next version of graph

...

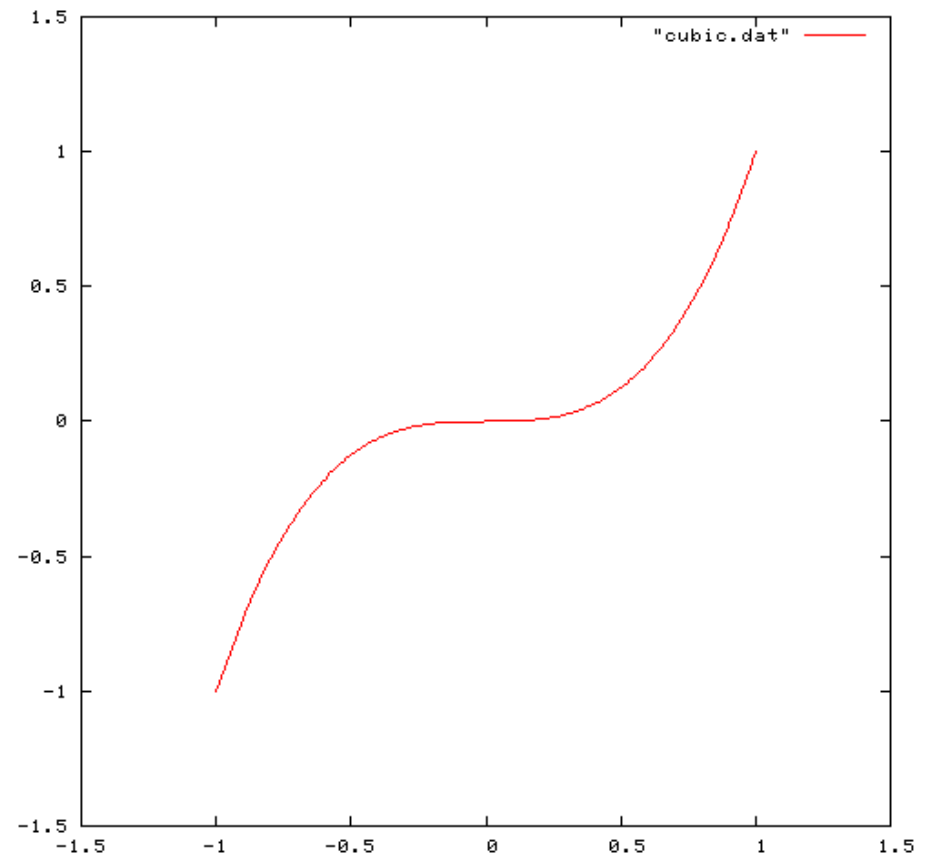
set size ratio -1.0

set style data lines

set xrange [-1.5:1.5]

set yrange [-1.5:1.5]

plot "cubic.dat"





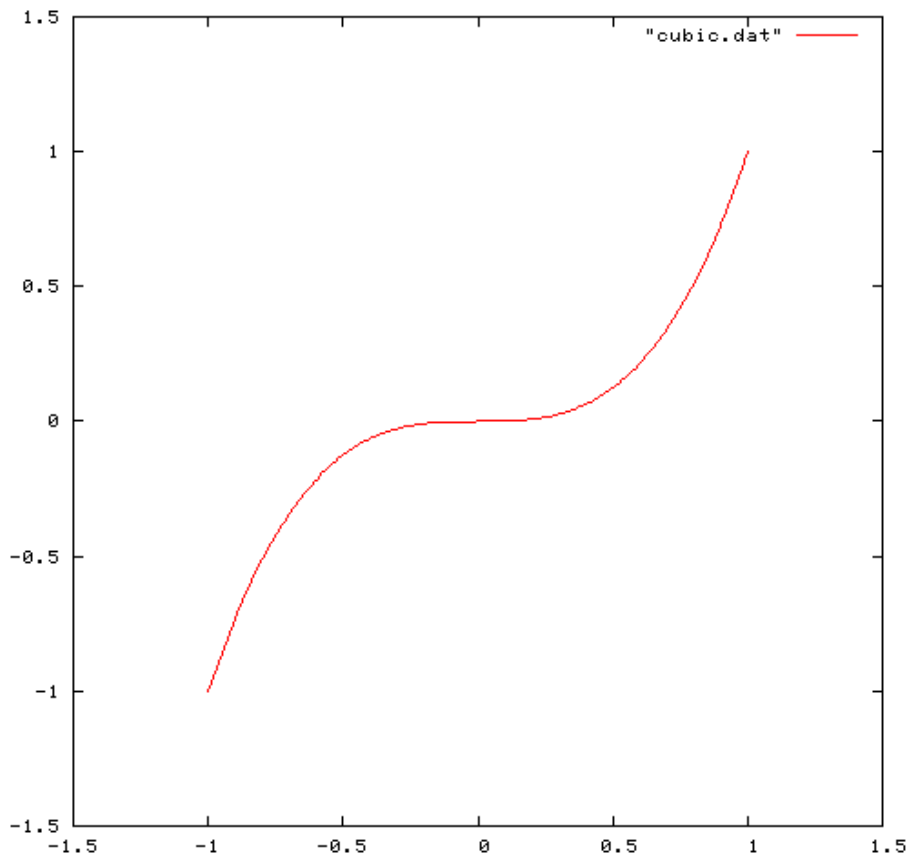
# Problems with the graph

## Problem:

- Ticks every 0.5
- Ticks from -1.5 to 1.5

## Want to have:

- Ticks every 0.25
- Ticks from -1.0 to 1.0



# Gnuplot commands

## Setting just the tick interval

```
set xtics 0.25
```

```
set ytics 0.25
```

## Setting the interval and range

```
set xtics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

```
set ytics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

# Next version of graph

...

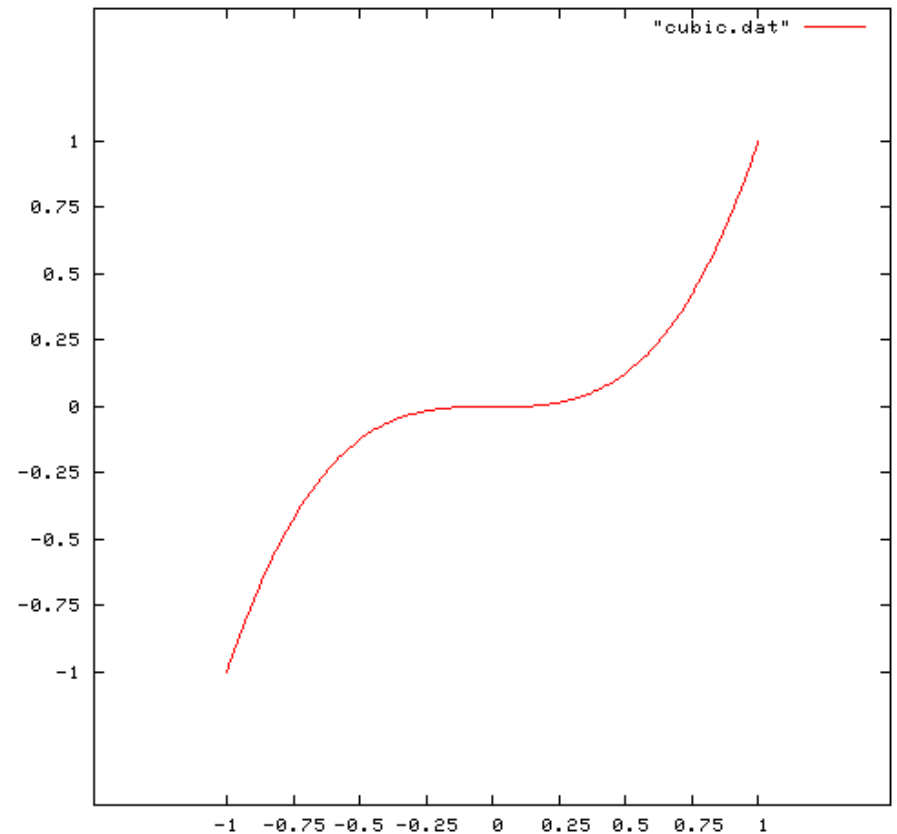
```
set xrange [-1.5:1.5]
```

```
set yrange [-1.5:1.5]
```

```
set xtics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

```
set ytics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

```
plot "cubic.dat"
```



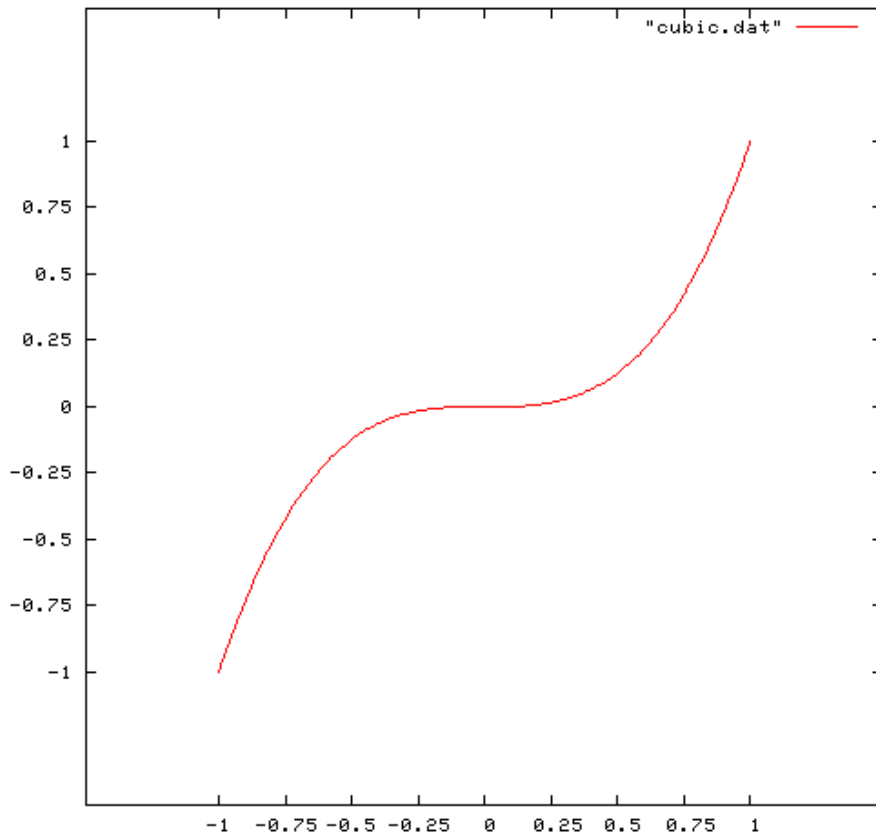
# Problems with the graph

Problem:

- No sub-ticks

Want to have:

- Sub-ticks every 0.05
- 5 sub-ticks to the tick



# Gnuplot commands

## “Minor ticks”

- Number of minor ticks for each major tick

```
set mxtics 5
```

```
set mytics 5
```

# Next version of graph

...

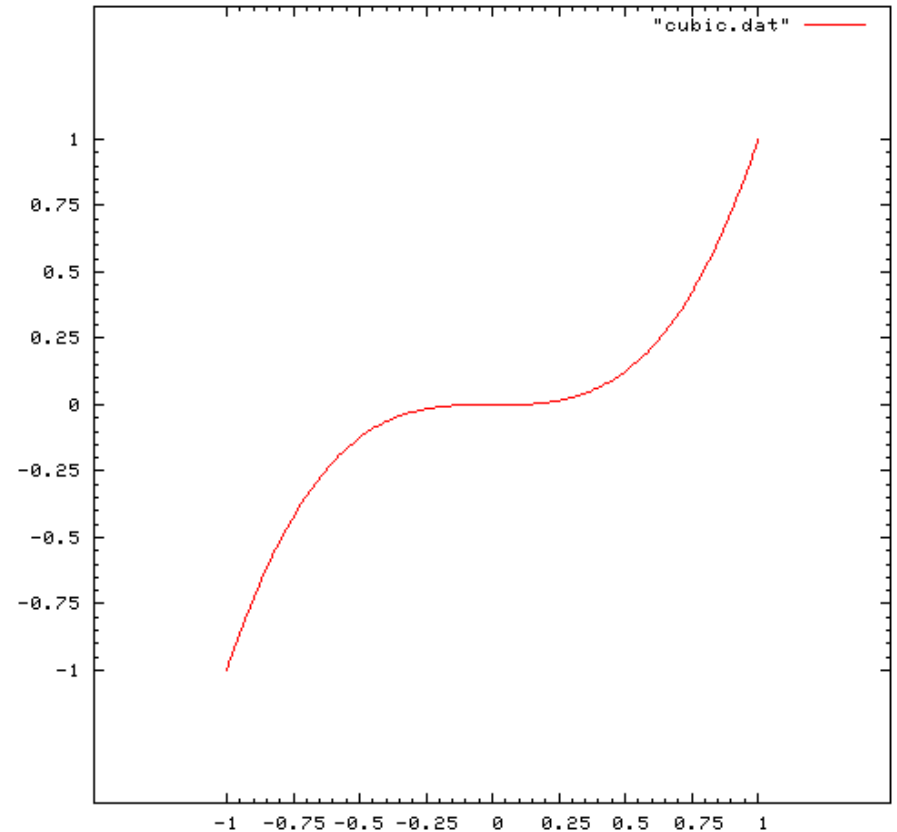
```
set xtics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

```
set ytics -1.0,0.25,1.0
```

```
set mxtics 5
```

```
set mytics 5
```

```
plot "cubic.dat"
```



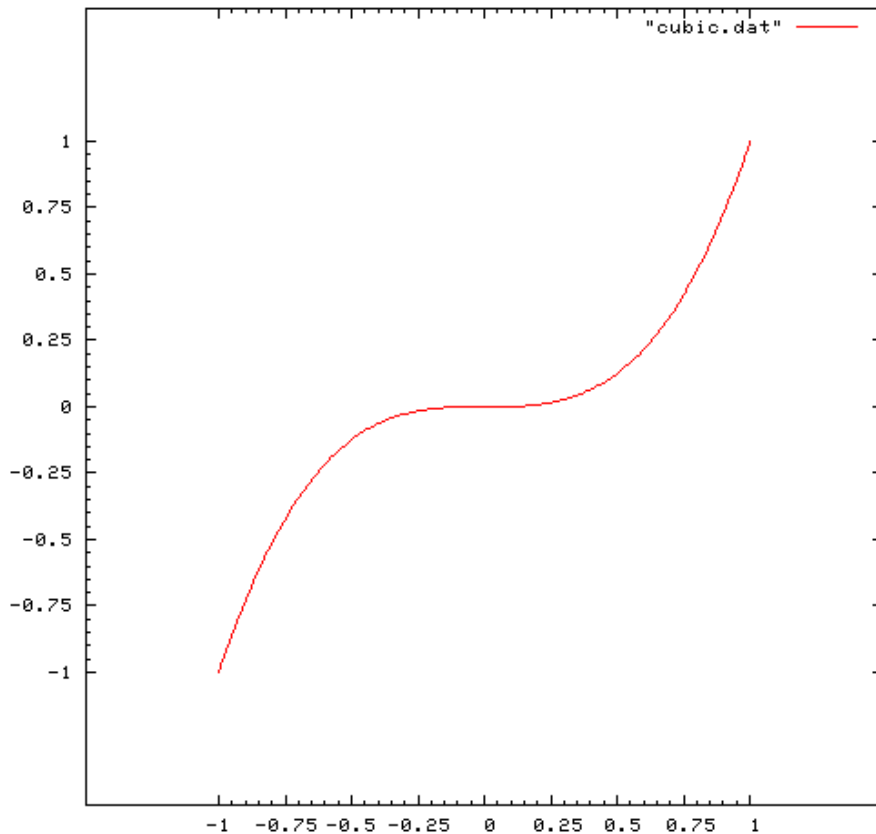
# Problems with the graph

## Problem:

- No axes

## Want to have:

- Proper axes
- Running through (0,0)



# Gnuplot commands

## Axes through the origin:

- A “zero axis”
- Defaults to being in grey
- Will consider colours later

set zeroaxis

or

set xzeroaxis

set yzeroaxis



# Next version of graph

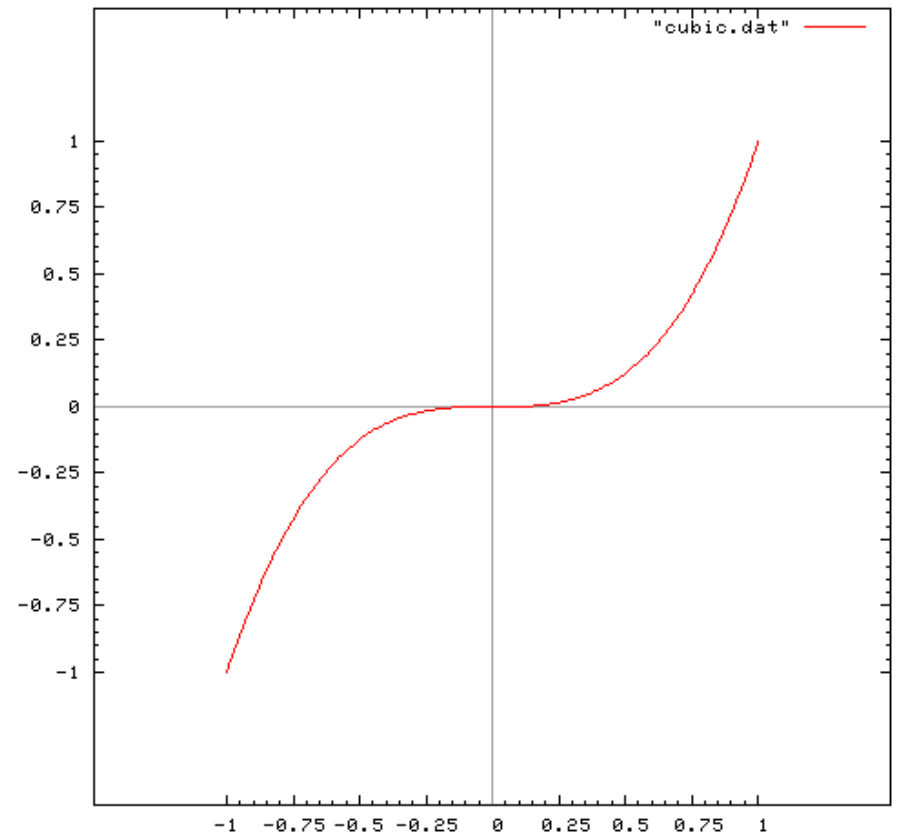
...

set mxtics 5

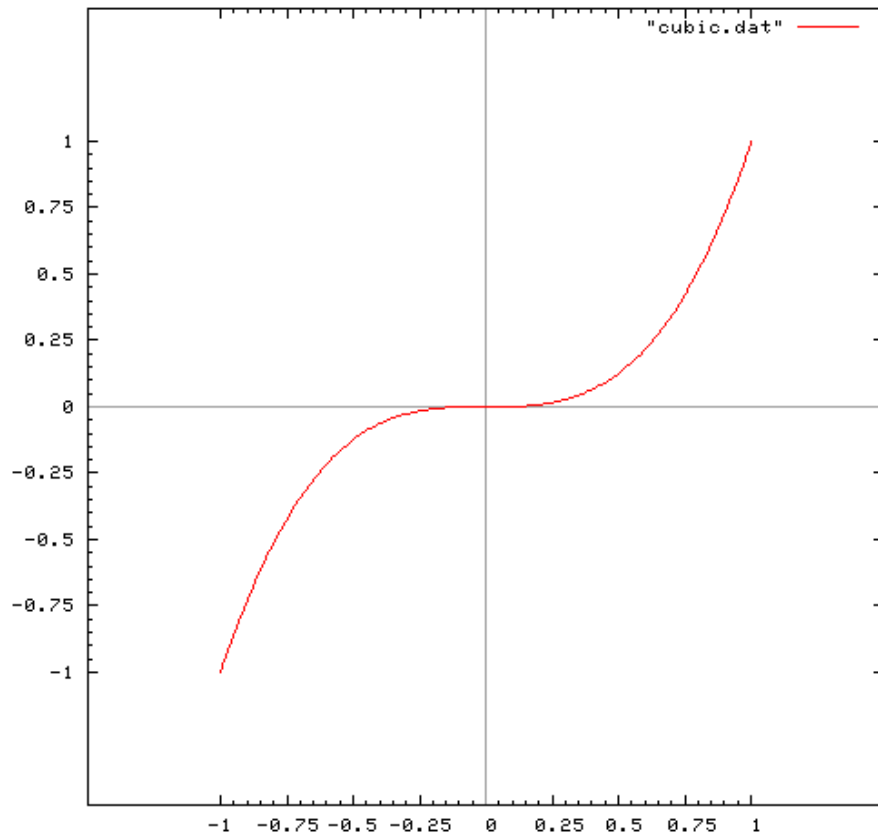
set mytics 5

set zeroaxis

plot "cubic.dat"



# Problems with the graph



## Problem:

- Key in top right
- Key uses file name

## Want to have:

- Key in top left
- Manually specified key

# Gnuplot commands

## Location of key:

- Only the corners are available

set key top left

set key bottom right

unset key

# Gnuplot commands

## Text for key:

- Option on `plot`
- “Title” of the data  
*not* the whole graph

```
plot "cubic.dat" title "cubes"
```

```
plot "cubic.dat" notitle
```

# Next version of graph

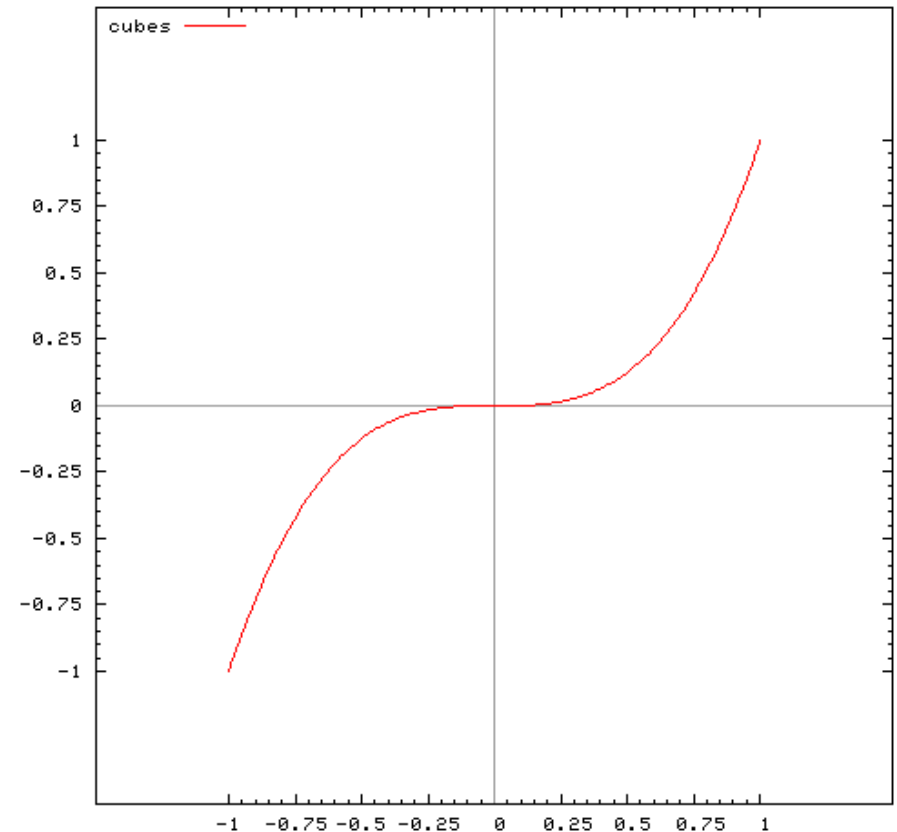
...

set xzeroaxis

set yzeroaxis

set key top left

plot "cubic.dat" title "cubes"



# Half time exercise

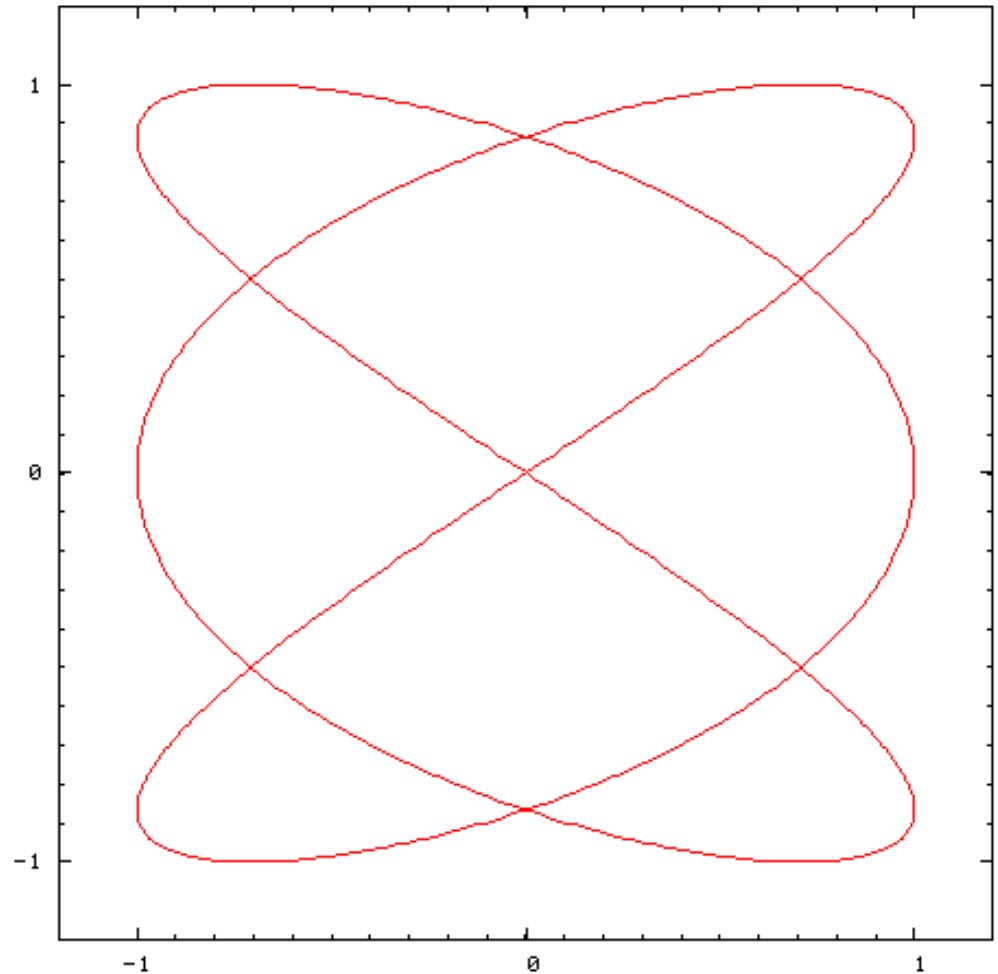
- Fifteen minutes
- Create the graph
- Then have a break

**lissajou1.dat +**

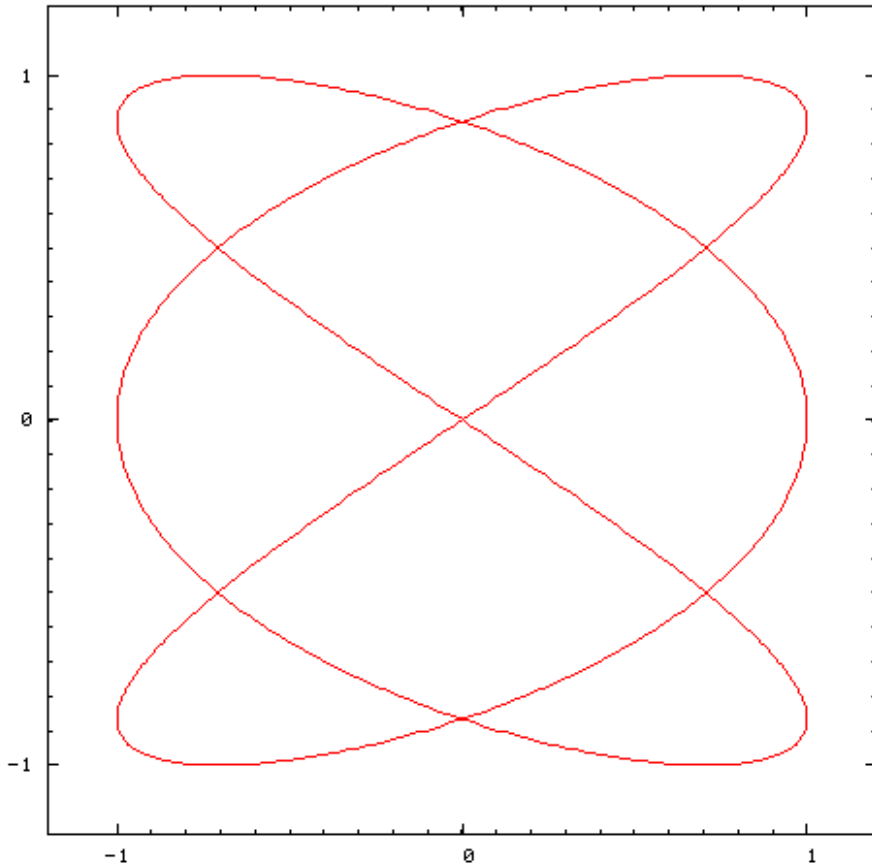
**lissajou1.gplt**



**lissajou1.png**



# Welcome back



- lissajou1.gplt
- Any questions?

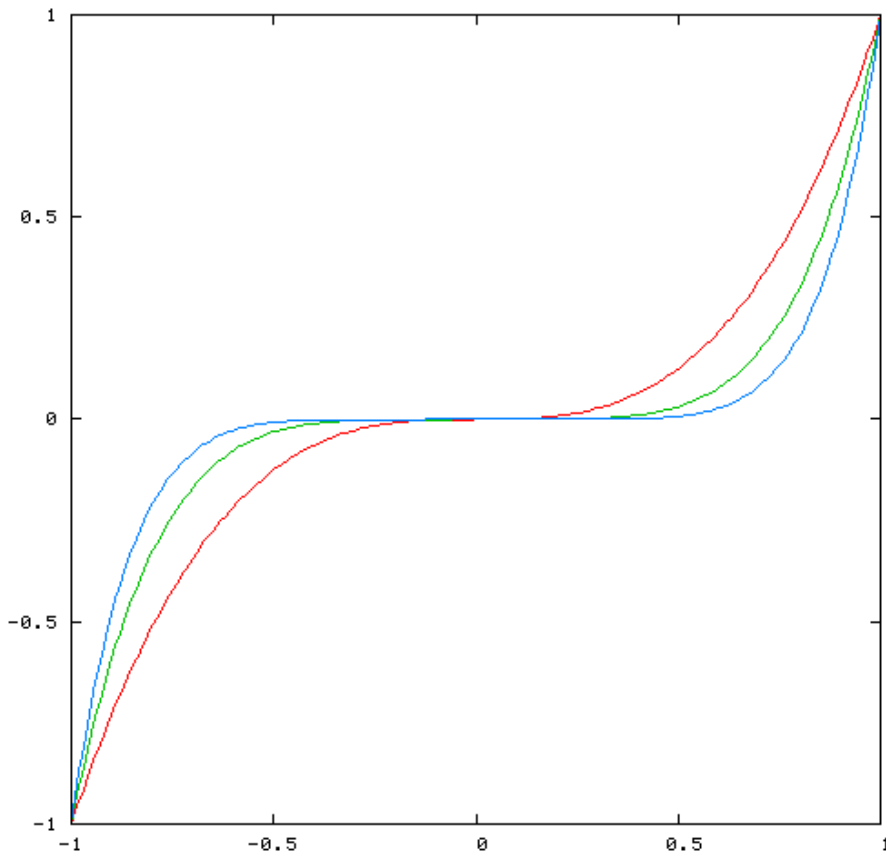
# Second half

- Introduction
- Part one
- Break
- Part two
- Questions
- Multiple graphs
- Colours
- Labels
- Titles



# Compound graph

- Single graph
- Several lines
- Single input file
  - Several columns
- Multiple input files
  - Two columns each



# Data file

# x, x<sup>3</sup>, x<sup>5</sup>, x<sup>7</sup>

|           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| -1.000000 | -1.000000 | -1.000000 | -1.000000 |
| -0.990000 | -0.970299 | -0.950990 | -0.932065 |
| ...       |           |           |           |
| 0.990000  | 0.970299  | 0.950990  | 0.932065  |
| 1.000000  | 1.000000  | 1.000000  | 1.000000  |

# Properties of the data file

```
x, x^3, x^5, x^7
```

```
-1.000000 -1.000000 -1.000000 -1.000000
```

```
-0.990000 -0.970299 -0.950990 -0.932065
```

```
...
```

- “#” introduces a comment line
- Ignored by Gnuplot
- Columns separated by whitespace

# Gnuplot commands

- Extend the **plot** command
- Specify the columns to use
- Specify the data files to use
- Comma between curve definitions
- Continue lines with a backslash

```
plot "powers.dat" using 1:2, \
 "powers.dat" using 1:3, \
 "powers.dat" using 1:4
```

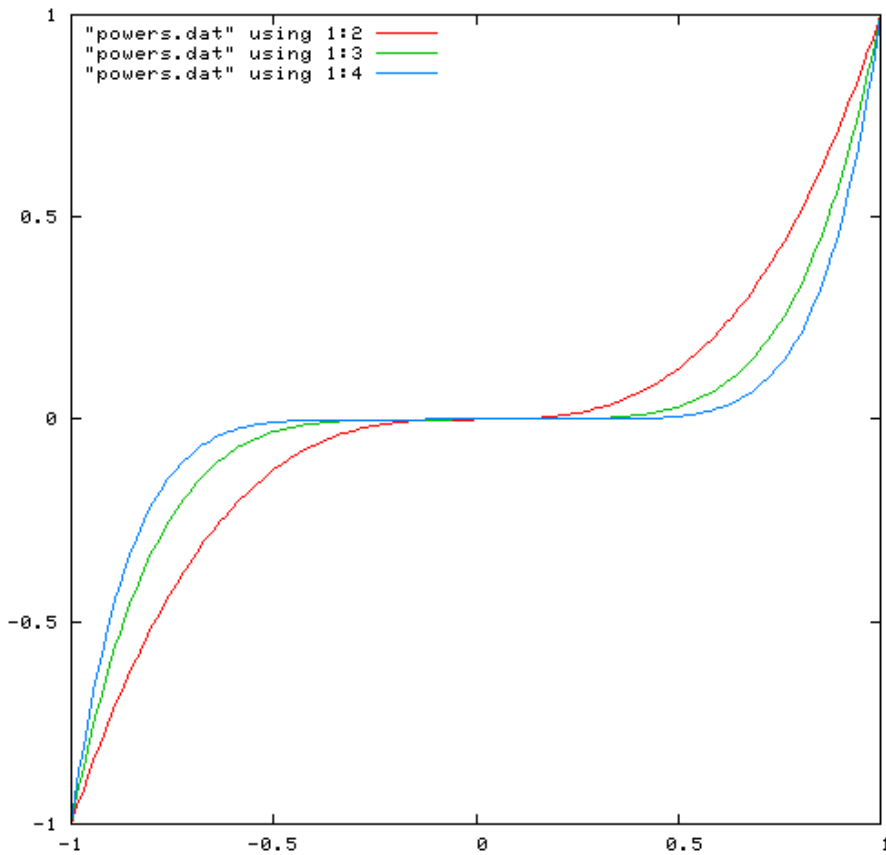
# Problems with the graph

## Problem:

- Key is very ugly

## Want to have:

- Our line names



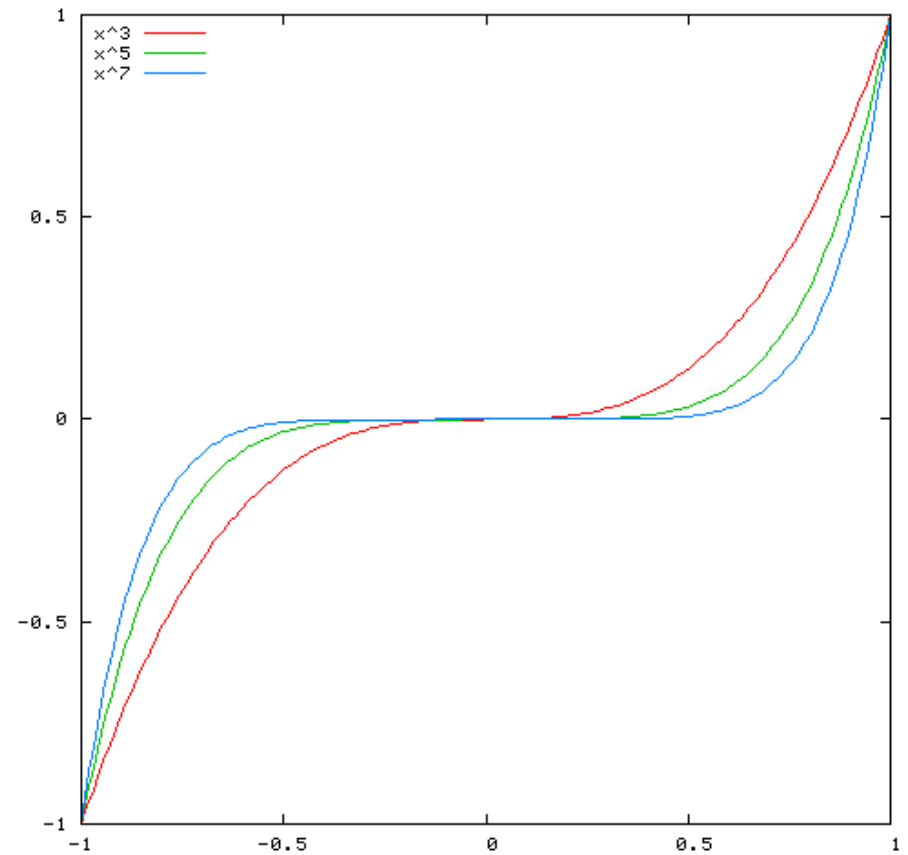
# Gnuplot commands

- Same extension of the `plot` command
- Once per curve in the graph

```
plot "powers.dat" using 1:2 title "x^3", \
 "powers.dat" using 1:3 title "x^5", \
 "powers.dat" using 1:4 title "x^7"
```

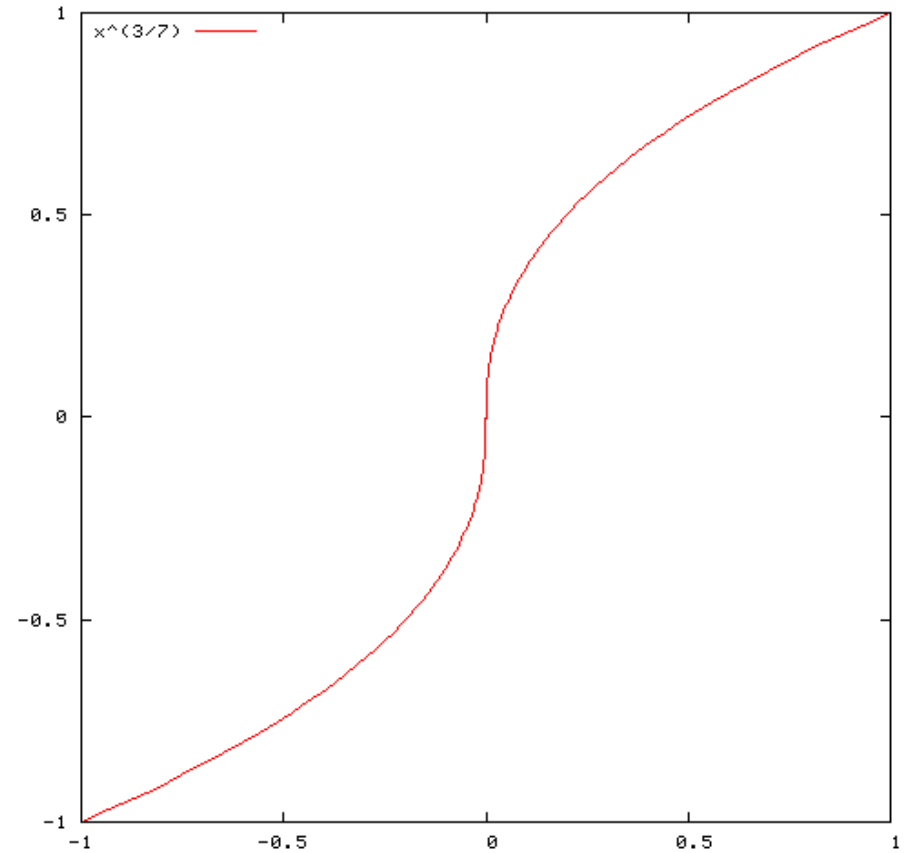
# Next version of graph

```
plot \
"powers.dat" using 1:2 \
title "x^3", \
"powers.dat" using 1:3 \
title "x^5", \
"powers.dat" using 1:4 \
title "x^7"
```



# Don't have to use column 1

```
plot "powers.dat" \
using 4:2 \
title "x^(3/7)"
```





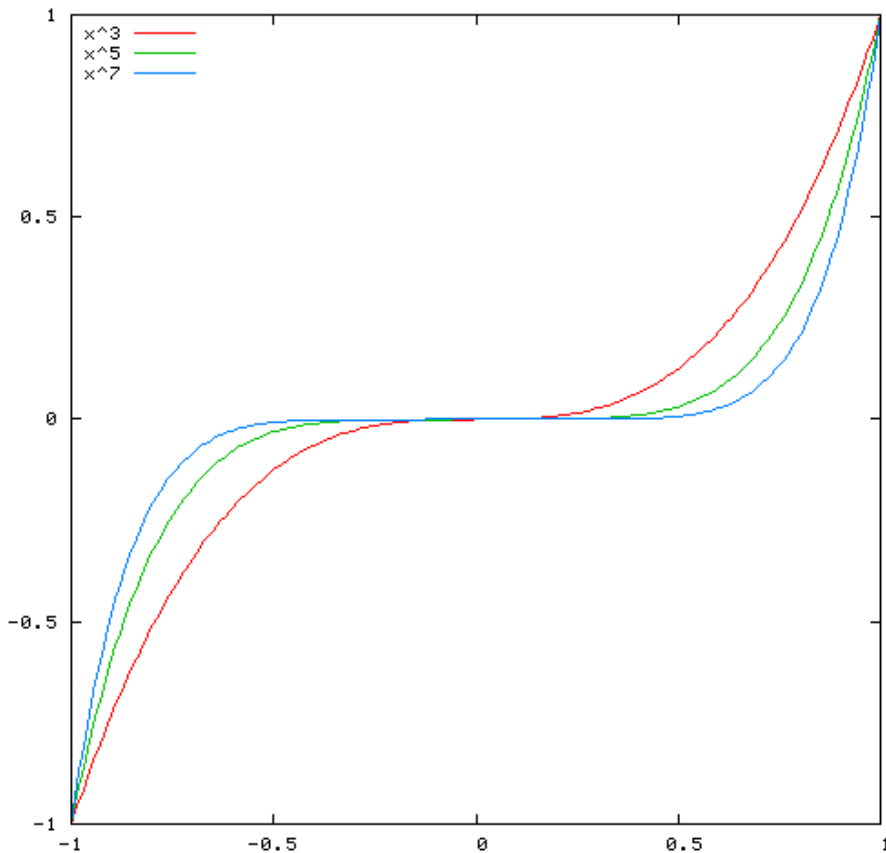
# Problems with graph

## Problems with graph:

- Curve colours
- Red, Green, Blue

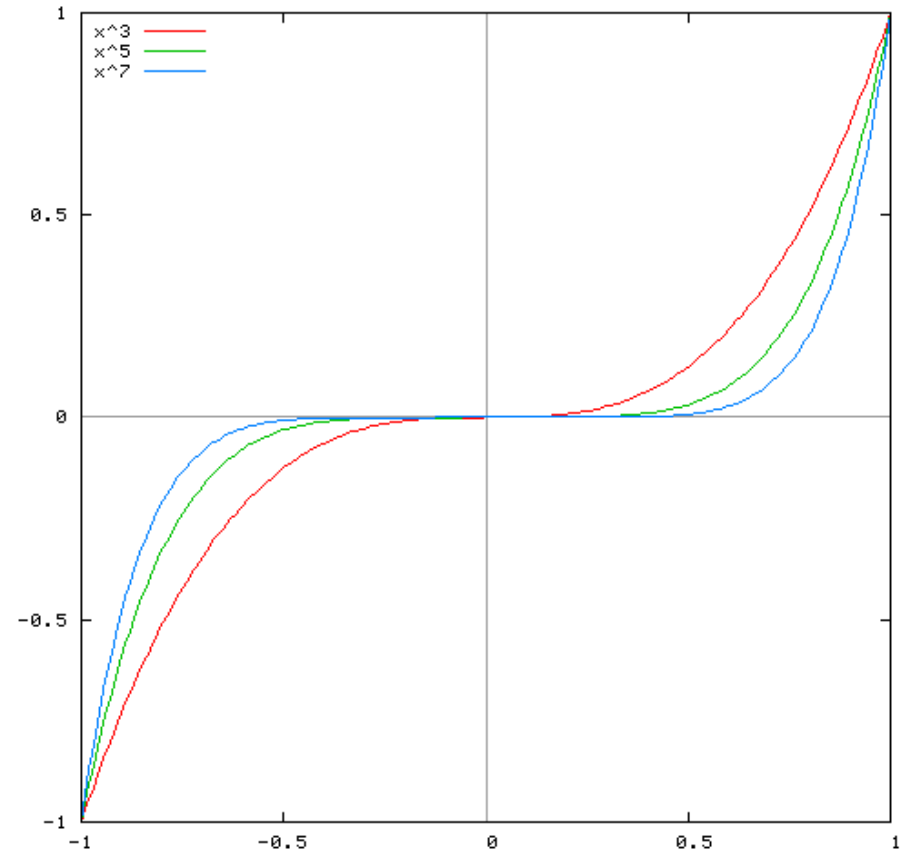
## Want to have:

- Our curve colours
- Red, Purple, Blue



# Colours we have seen so far

- Background (white)
- Borders (black)
- Axes (grey)
- Curve one (red)
- Curve two (green)
- Curve three (blue)



# How Gnuplot uses colours

- Numbered colours for particular purposes
- Maximum of 256 colours

| <b>Purpose</b> | <b>Number</b> | <b>Default colour</b> |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Background     | 0             | White                 |
| Borders        | 1             | Black                 |
| Axes           | 2             | Grey                  |
| First curve    | 3             | Red                   |
| Second curve   | 4             | Green                 |

# Gnuplot commands

- Extension to `set terminal`
- List colours at end of command
- Hexadecimal specification: `xrrggbb`

```
set terminal png picsize 512 512 \
xffffff x000000 x404040 \
xff0000 x800080 x0000ff
```

# A few colours



green

`x00ff00`



black

`x000000`



turquoise

`x00ffff`



`x404040`



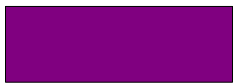
blue

`x0000ff`



grey

`x808080`



magenta

`xff00ff`



`xc0c0c0`



red

`ff0000`

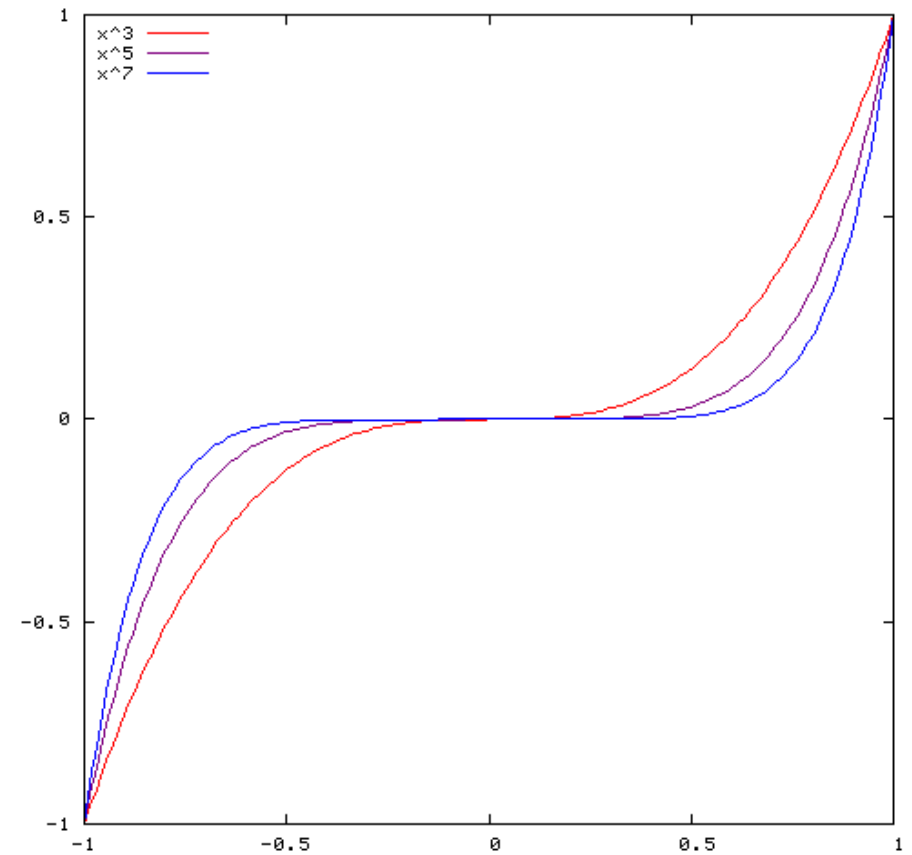


white

`ffffff`

# Next version of graph

```
set terminal png \
picsize 512 512 \
x fffffff x000000 x404040 \
x ff0000 x ff00ff x0000ff
...
```



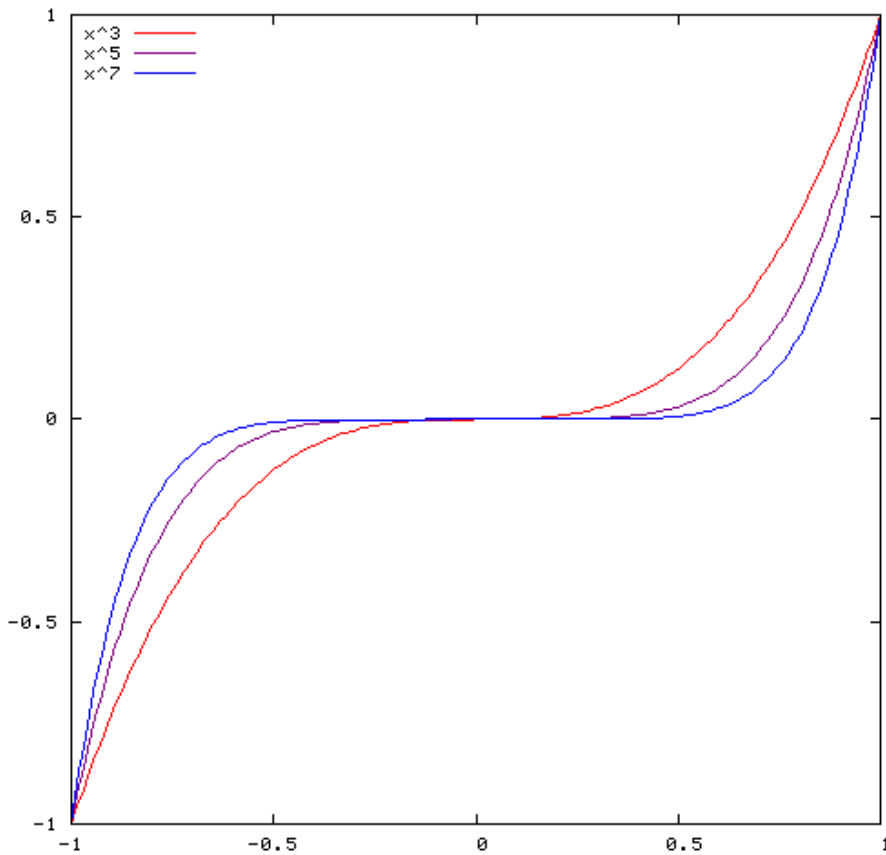
# Problems with graph

## Problems with graph:

- No axis labels
- No main title

## Want to have:

- Axis labels
- Main title



# Gnuplot commands

## Setting main title:

```
set title "Powers"
```

- Do not confuse with  

```
plot ... title "x^3"
```



# Gnuplot commands

## Setting axis labels:

```
set xlabel "x"
```

```
set ylabel "power of x"
```

# Next version of graph

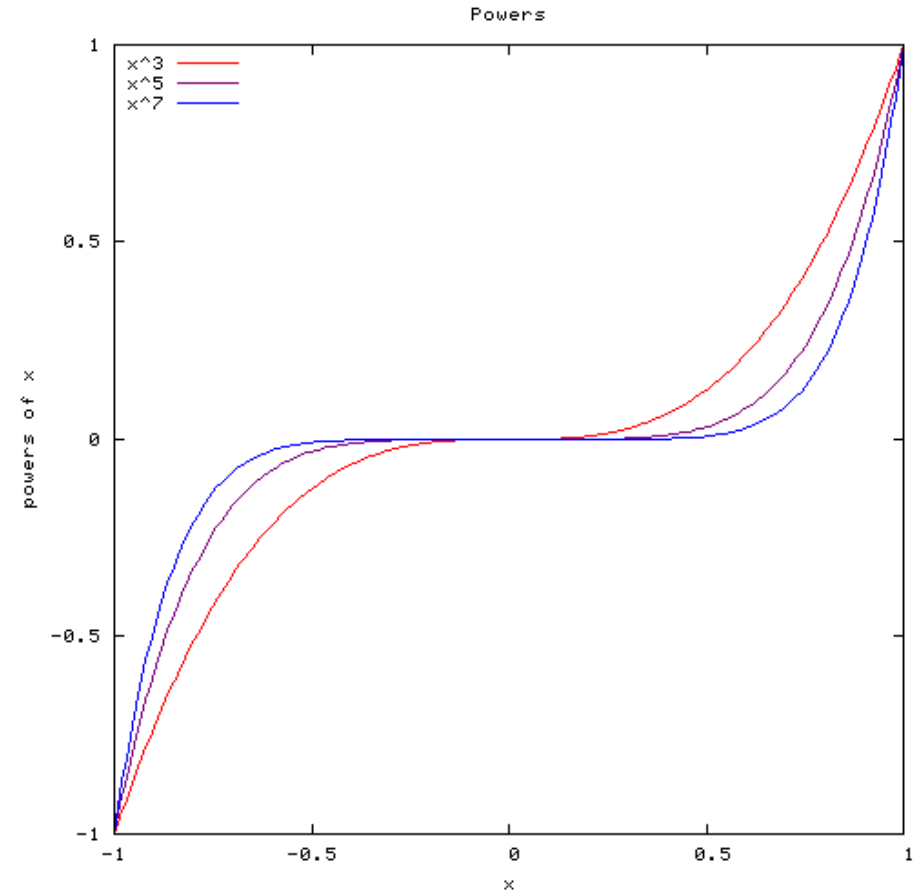
...

```
set title "Powers"
```

```
set xlabel "x"
```

```
set ylabel "powers of x"
```

```
plot "powers.dat" ...
```



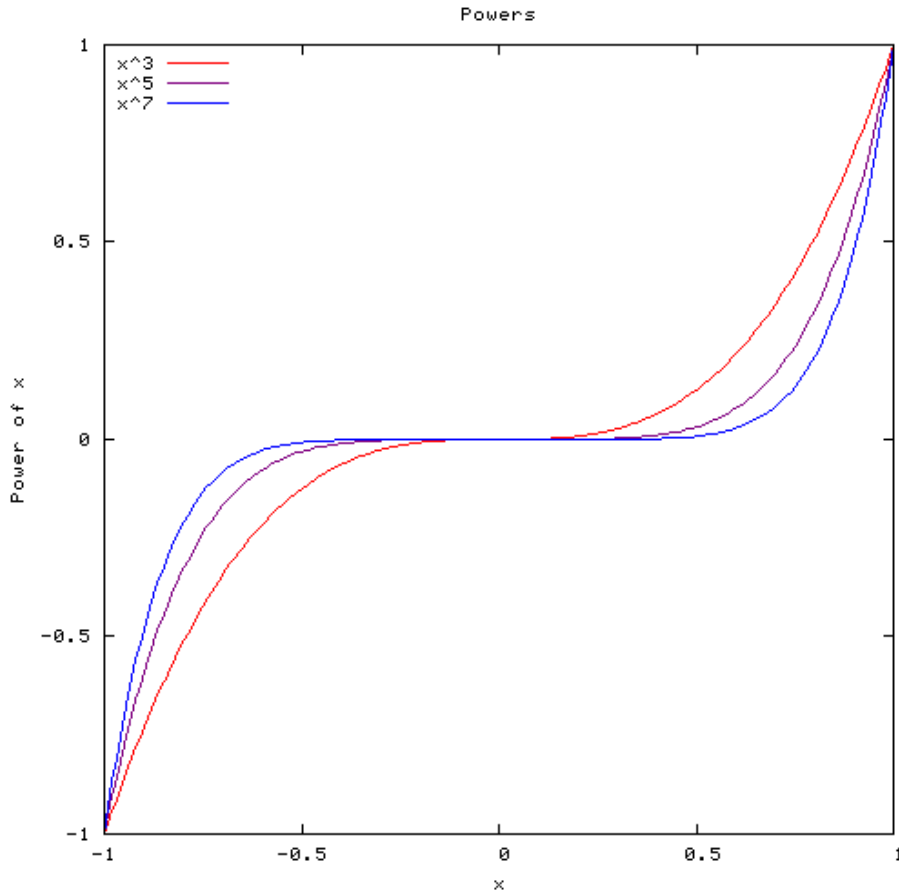
# Problems with graph

## Problems with graph:

- Surround border

## Want to have:

- Left border
- Bottom border



# Gnuplot commands

**Border edges:**

**set border *N***

$N = 1+2+4+8$

1 bottom

2 left

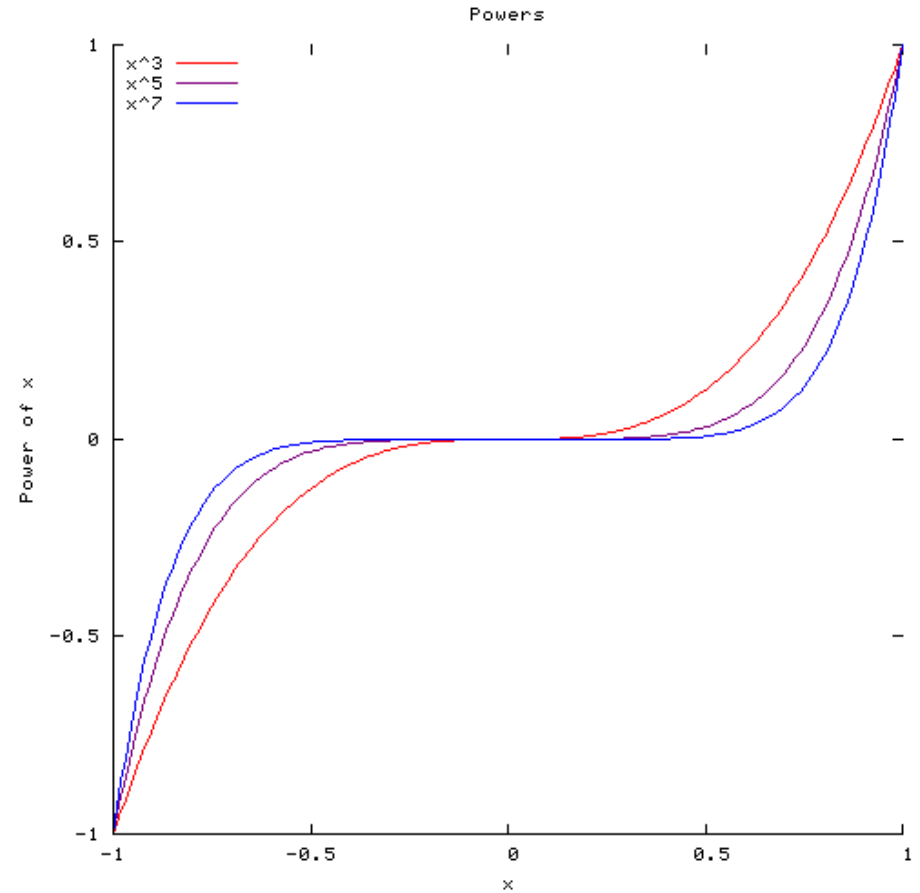
4 top

8 right

# Setting border not enough

set border 3

- Set border correctly
- Free-floating ticks!



# Gnuplot commands

## Ticks:

Independent of borders!

```
set xtics nomirror
```

```
set xtics 1.0 nomirror
```

```
set xtics -1.0,0.5,1.0 nomirror
```

# Final version of graph

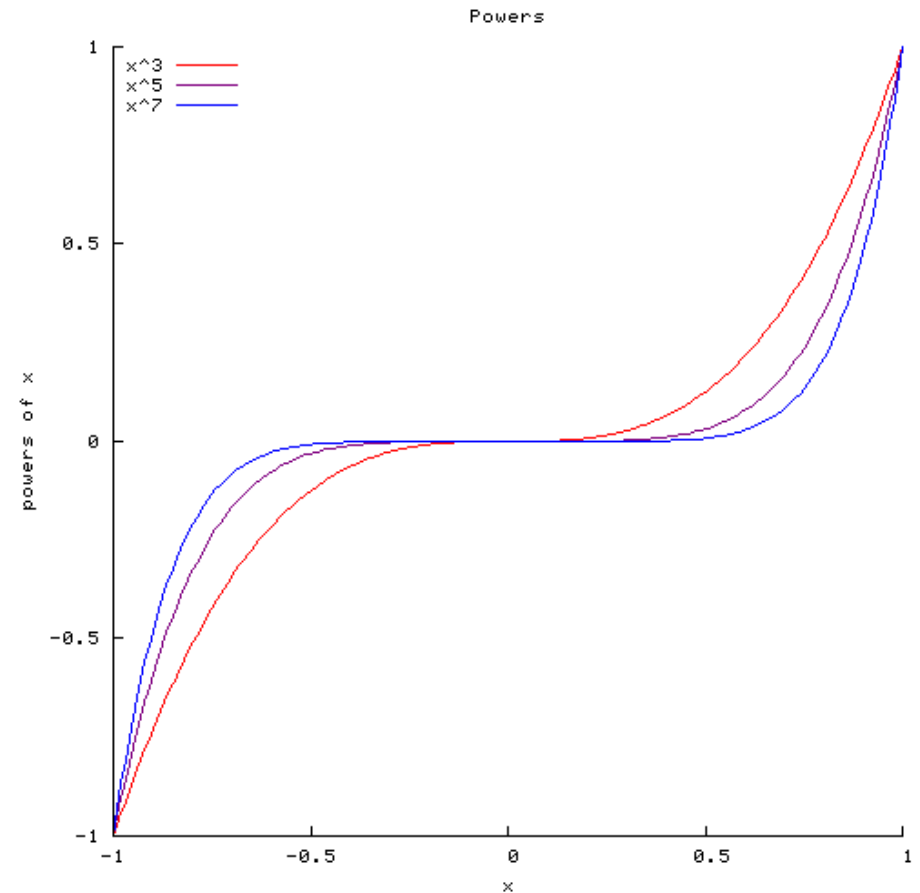
...

**set border 3**

**set xtics nomirror**

**set ytics nomirror**

**plot "powers.dat" ...**



# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal

```
set terminal png \
picsize 512 512 ...
```

- Output format
- Image size
- Colour list



# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal `set output "..."`
2. Output file
  - File name in quotes
  - Suffix matches format

# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal `set size ratio ...`
2. Output file
3. Aspect ratio
  - +ve: Whole graph
  - -ve: Scale of units

# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal `set style data lines`
2. Output file `set style data points`
3. Aspect ratio `set style data dots`
4. **Points or lines**
  - Points are the default

# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal `set key top left`
2. Output file `unset key`
3. Aspect ratio
4. Points or lines
  - Default: top right
5. Place the key

# Recap: How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal `set title "..."`
2. Output file
3. Aspect ratio
  - Title in quotes
4. Points or lines
5. Place the key
6. Graph title

# Recap: How to do a graph

2. Output file
3. Aspect ratio
4. Points or lines
5. Place the key
6. Graph title
7. **Axis labels**

`set xlabel "..."`

`set ylabel "..."`

- Text in quotes

# Recap: How to do a graph

3. Aspect ratio set border 3
4. Points or lines
5. Place the key • 1+2+4+8
6. Graph title
7. Axis labels
8. Set border

# Recap: How to do a graph

4. Points or lines `set xrange [-1.5:1.5]`
5. Place the key `set yrange [-1.5:1.5]`
6. Graph title
7. Axis labels
8. Set border
9. Set data range



# Recap: How to do a graph

5. Place the key `set xtics -1.0,0.5,1.0`
6. Graph title `set ytics -1.0,0.5,1.0`
7. Axis labels
8. Set border `set xtics 0.25 nomirror`
9. Set data range `unset ytics`
10. Set major ticks

# Recap: How to do a graph

6. Graph title `set mxtics 5`
7. Axis labels `set mytics 5`
8. Set border
9. Set data range `set mxtics 5 nomirror`
10. Set major ticks `unset mytics`
11. Set minor ticks
  - Minor ticks per major

# Recap: How to do a graph

7. Axis labels
8. Set border
9. Set data range
10. Set major ticks
11. Set minor ticks
12. Plot data sets

```
plot "..."
using x:y
title "..."
```

- File names in quotes
- Column specifiers
- Title in key
- Commas
- Backslashes

# How to do a graph

1. Define the terminal
2. Output file
3. Aspect ratio
4. Points or lines
5. Place the key
6. Graph title
7. Axis labels
8. Set border
9. Set data range
10. Set major ticks
11. Set minor ticks
12. Plot data sets

# Final exercise

- Create graph
- Details in notes

**lissajou2.dat +  
lissajou2.gplt**  
↓  
**lissajou2.png**

